## Preparatory chemistry course, Practical worksheets,

## **Redox reactions**

1	What is the	ovidation	state of n	hosphorus	in PH.	PCI_ Ha	$PO_4$ , and $P_4O_{10}$	respectively?
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- 2. Work out the oxidation state of chlorine in HCl and HClO!
- 3. What is the oxidation state of chromium in Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub><sup>2-</sup>, Cr, and Na<sub>2</sub>CrO<sub>4</sub>?
- 4. Do the following depict oxidation, reduction, or redox reaction?
  - a.  $Br^{-} \rightarrow Br_2$
  - b.  $Ca \rightarrow Ca^{2+}$
  - c.  $Cu^{2+} \rightarrow Cu$
  - d.  $Cl_2 + 2 NaBr \rightarrow 2 NaCl + Br_2$
- 5. In each of the following equations, indicate the element that has been oxidized and the one that has been reduced. You should also label the oxidation state of each before and after the process:
  - a.  $Zn + Cl_2 \rightarrow ZnCl_2$
  - b.  $Mg + CuCl_2 \rightarrow MgCl_2 + Cu$
  - c.  $Cl_2 + 2 Br^{-} \rightarrow 2 Cl^{-} + Br_2$
- 6. Work out the half-reactions for the redox equation between copper and nitric acid:

$$Cu + NO_3^- \rightarrow Cu^{2+} + NO$$

- 7. Work out the equation for the reaction between iron(II) ions and dichromate(VI) ions in acid solution using the following steps as a guide:
  - a. Iron(II) ions are oxidized to iron(III) ions. Dichromate(VI) ions,  $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$  are reduced to chromium(III) ions
  - b. Derive a fully balanced equation by making reasonable assumptions about anything else that might be involved.
- 8. Work out the equation for the reaction between chlorine and iron(II) ions. Chlorine gas oxidizes iron(II) ions to iron(III) ions. In the process, the chlorine is reduced to chloride ions.
- 9. Permanganates can be produced by oxidation of Mn<sup>2+</sup> by strong oxidizing agents, for instance, lead dioxide which is reduced to Pb<sup>2+</sup>. Work out the equation!